ICES/PICES 6ZPS 2016/S5 W1

<u>Evaluating zooplankton potential CO<sub>2</sub> production: isocitrate dehydrogenase enzyme</u> activity.

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Isocitrate Dehydrogenase (IDH), a CO<sub>2</sub> producing enzyme, plays a key role in the Krebs cycle, being responsible for the emission of one of the three CO<sub>2</sub> molecules related to this central phase of cellular respiration. Using a modified IDH methodology, we have assayed IDH activity in the marine planktonic community and have calculated its potential CO2 production. This measure of potential CO<sub>2</sub> production will improve estimations of the impact of plankton on ocean carbon flux and carbon sequestration in the deep ocean. Samples of different plankton fractions (from 0.7 μm to 50 μm, from 50 μm to 200 μm and from 200  $\mu m$  to 2000  $\mu m)$  from the Canary Island coastal waters were used to develop and validate this method. Different proportions of autotrophs, heterotrophs and mixotrophs within these fractions lead to different relationships between potential CO<sub>2</sub> production and potential O<sub>2</sub> consumption during cellular respiration. Likely, the variability in the activity of their metabolic pathways seems to involve this behaviour. Although more experiments are needed, this methodology is leading to a better understanding of cellular respiration in marine samples. Thus, other points of view about the role of plankton communities within the food chain, new knowledge about vertical carbon flux and new estimations about the current sequestering capacity for anthropogenic CO<sub>2</sub> by these plankton communities are emerging.

Key words: Isocitrate dehydrogenase (IDH), Krebs cycle, Potential Respiration, Electron Transport System (ETS), CO<sub>2</sub> production, Marine plankton community.

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